# Service Design

## Expert Tip

"It is critical to frame the problem or opportunity carefully. Many companies fail because they address the wrong problem or miss an opportunity altogether. It seems they spend too little time framing (and asking questions) up front, resulting in a jump to the solution based on their biases and not on the customer's needs or desires."

Jeff McGrath

Organizations can use service design to improve the services that they offer now and to develop whole new value propositions, perhaps based on new technology or new market developments.

### **Goods and Services**

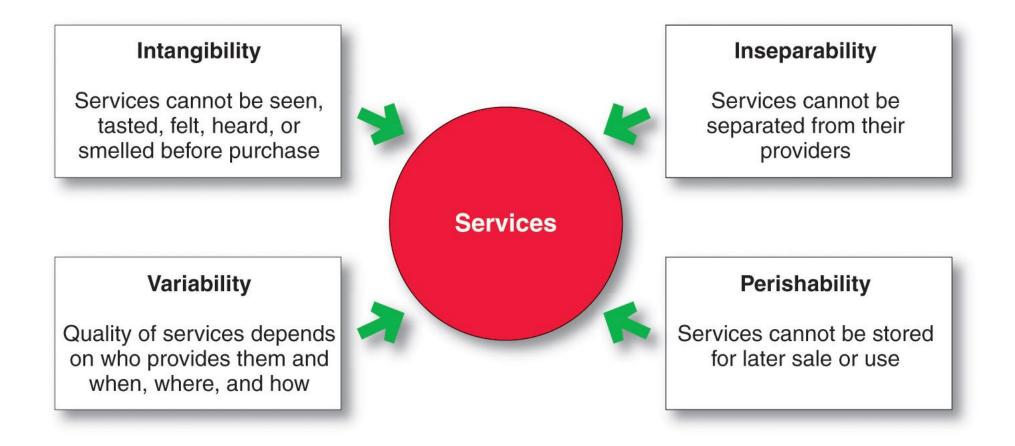
#### Goods

- Generally tangible products
- Production and consumption may occur at different times
- Producer is generally not involved with customer during usage

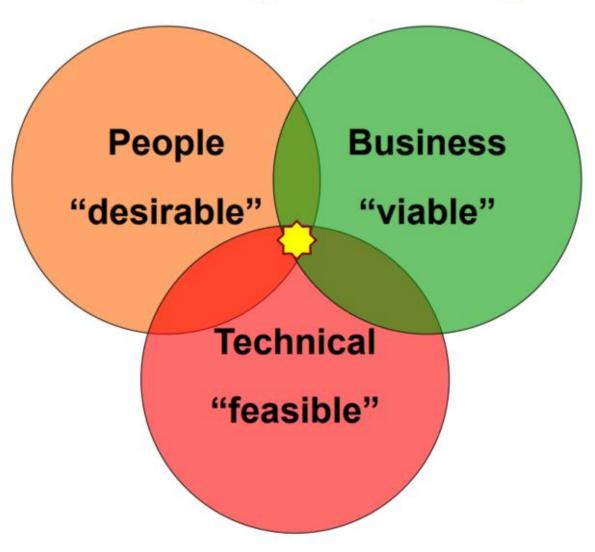
#### Services

- Often intangible products
- Production and consumption may occur simultaneously
- Service provider may be involved throughout the service experience

#### Nature and Characteristics of a Service



## **Three Design Challenges**



## What is Service Design

"Service design helps to innovate (create new) or improve (existing) services to make them more useful, usable, desirable for clients and efficient as well as effective for organizations. It is a new holistic, multidisciplinary, integrative field." – Stefan Moritz

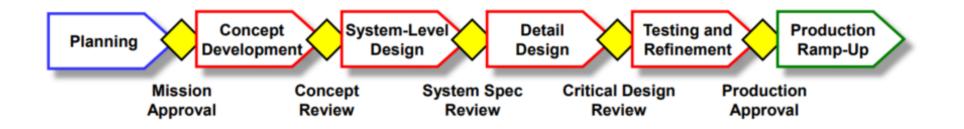
## Most popular Definition

"Service design helps organizations see their services from a customer perspective. It is an approach to designing services that balances the needs of the customer with the needs of the business, aiming to create seamless and quality service experiences. Service design is rooted in design thinking, and brings a creative, human-centered process to service improvement and designing new services. Through collaborative methods that engage both customers and service delivery teams, service design helps organizations gain true, end-to-end understanding of their services, enabling holistic and meaningful improvements."

### Comment

"Lumpers will often argue it is all about the **mindset**. Being open, empathetic, asking questions, starting with 'I don't know,' and learning by doing. You can call yourself anything you like, but if you share this mindset you are a service design thinker ... or rather a service design do-er." — Arne van Oosteroom

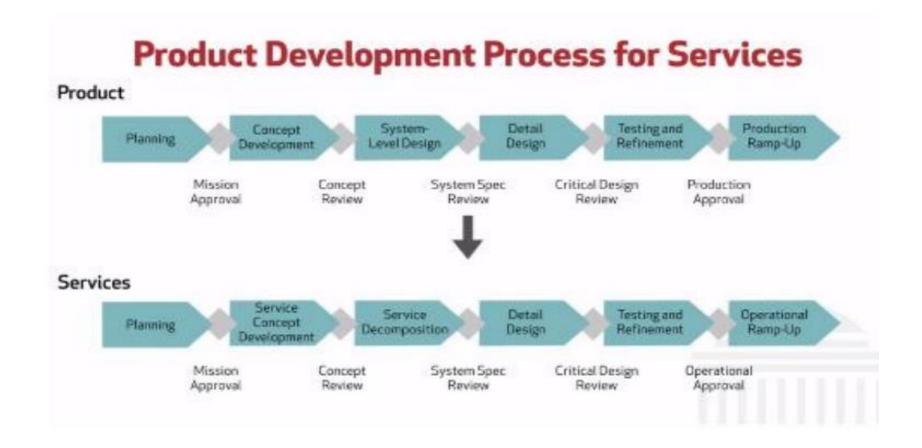
## Generic Product Development Process



What elements of the PD process apply to development of services?

How do they apply differently to services?

## Product Development Process for Services



#### **Bank of America Service Innovations**

#### **Customer Needs for Convenient Savings**

- Make it easy to save money
- I don't want to change my spending



Shop and pay with your debit or credit card.

Cash back automatically credited to your account.

#### Keep the Change.<sup>TM</sup>

Save automatically with everyday purchases.

Register your debit card to: Round up your purchase to the nearest dollar Transfer the difference from your checking to savings Track your savings online





Select

Shop

Earn

Select a deal online.

www.bankofamerica.com

## Service Development Example

#### The Bank of America Innovation and Development Team

**Mission:** The mission of the Innovation and Development Team is to explore, develop and test a higher standard of customer-focused innovations that will help position Bank of America as the world's most admired company.

Where we test innovations: Nationwide, a number of innovations are currently being tested - or will be tested - in areas throughout the franchise, including California, the Northwest, Arizona, Florida, Chicago and Atlantic North. Our test headquarters are in Atlanta, where rapid-cycle tests take place at 30 facilities.

#### Where our innovations come from:

1) Internal

- Associates
- Business segments and support partners
- Quality and Productivity groups

#### 2) External

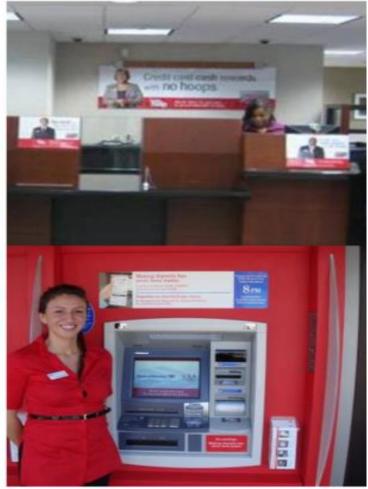
- Customers
- Vendors
- Non-financial industry best practices

#### 3) Innovation and Development Team

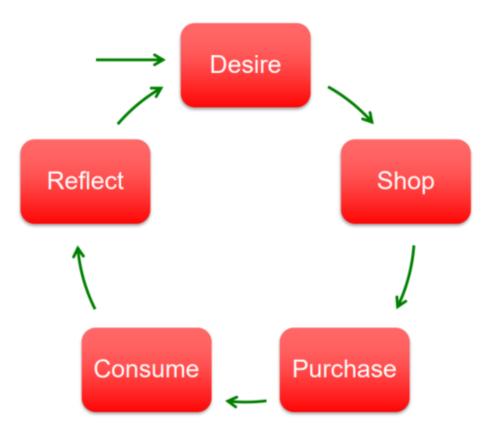
- Ideation sessions
- Research and exploration



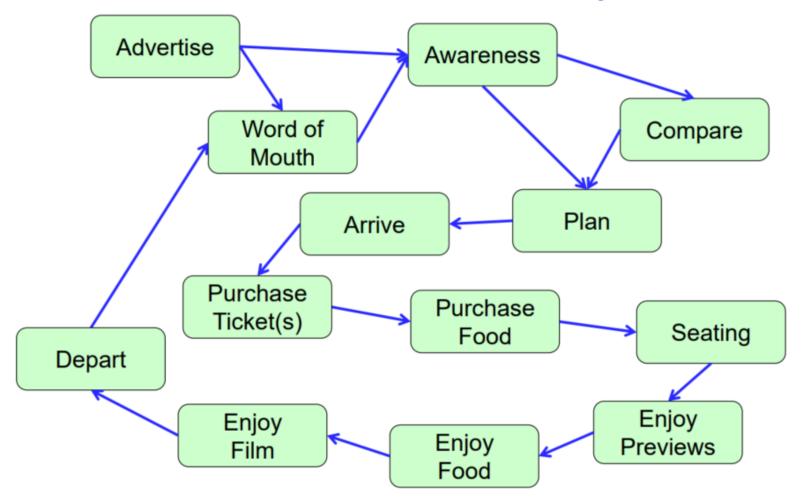
Ref: "R&D Comes to Services: Bank of America's Pathbreaking Experiments", Stefan Thomke, Harvard Business Review, April 2003



## Service Experience Cycle

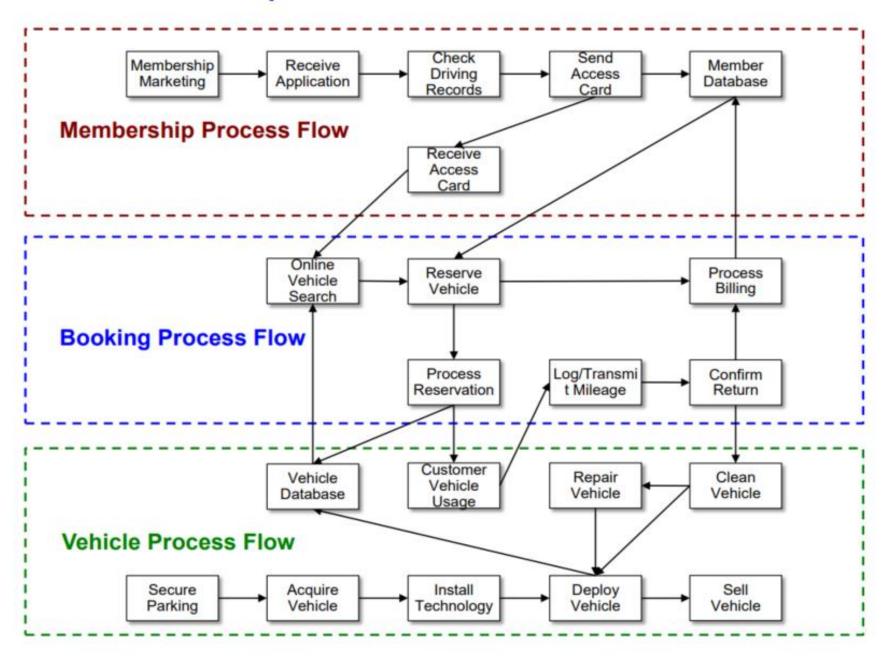


### Service Experience Cycle: Movie Theatre Example





#### **Zipcar Process Flows**



Group Exercise: Customer Experience Cycle

- Work in groups of 3 or 4.
- Map out the customer experience as a process flow (or cycle) for a service that is related to your business.
- Draw a diagram to explain the process.
- Identify several opportunities for innovation.

## **Product-Service Systems**

#### Bundling of product and service



Transformation of product to service



Designing a service as a product

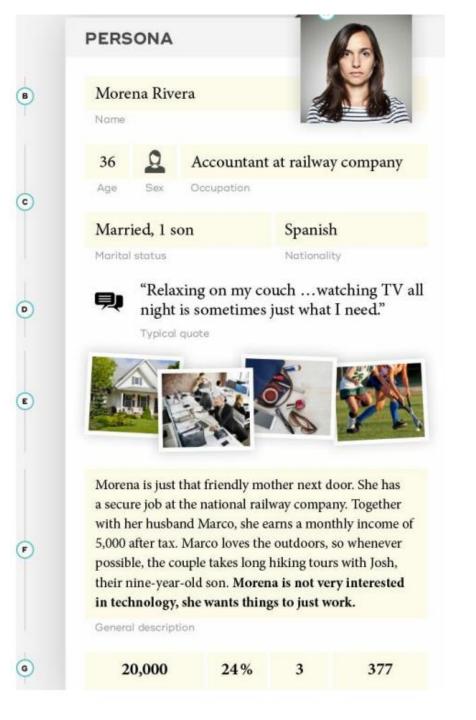




## Tools of Service Design

• Personas

"Personas should have an expiry date of around 12 months. In a year, a lot can change in terms of technology, organisational, and policy shifts – and you don't want to design based on old data." — Hazel White



GIS for Municipality Project Dr. Samah Abu Assab

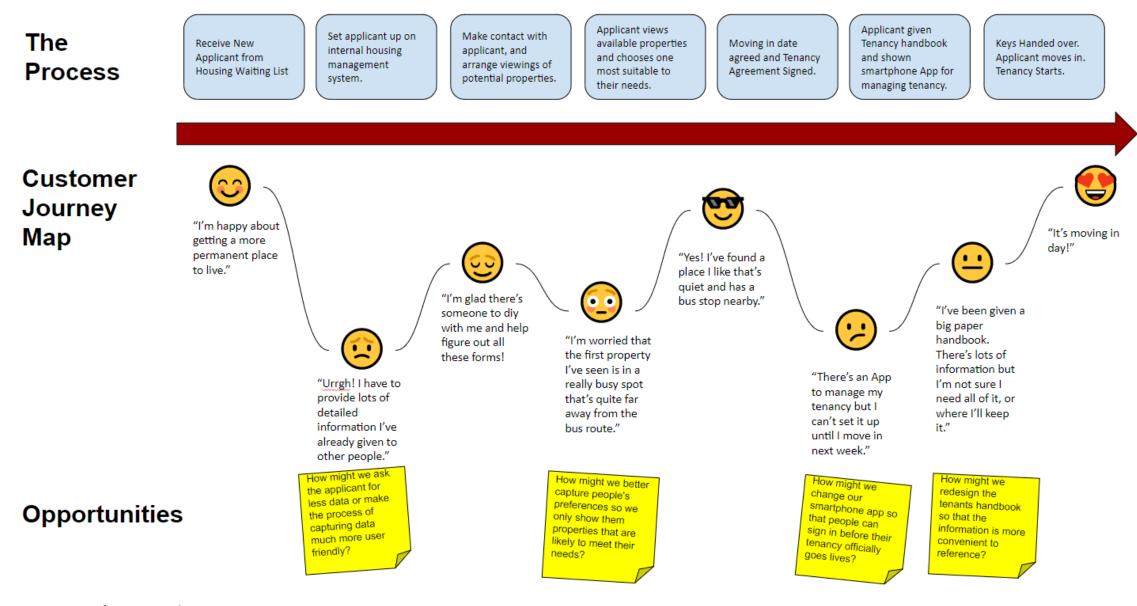


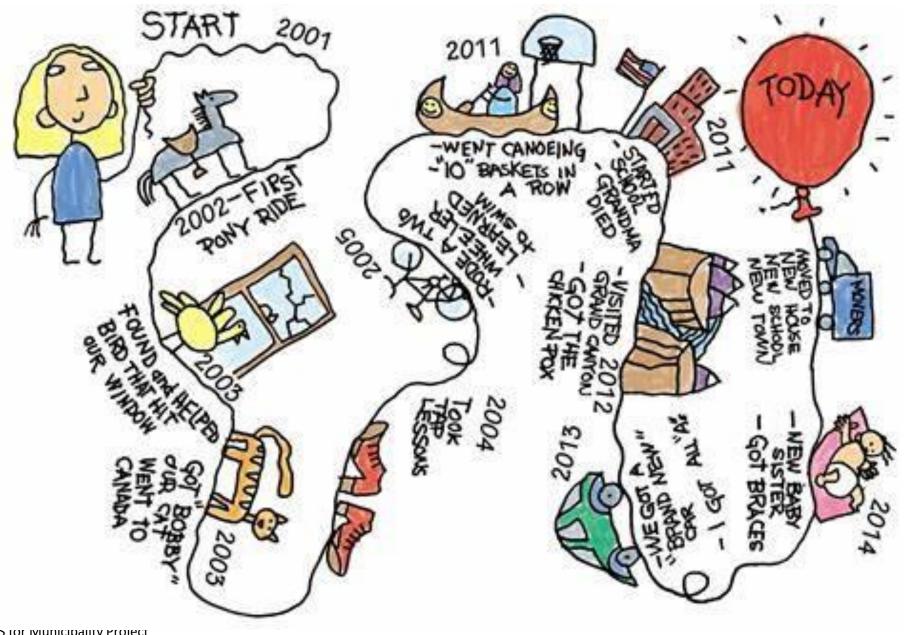
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## Tools

**Journey Maps** 

"Journey maps are the most flexible tool we use with clients. We use them in three ways: 1. To visually and transparently gather user stories when interviewing. 2. To understand how existing services work and uncover pain points and opportunities for improvement. 3. To envision future services." — Hazel White





#### Module 4 - Team assignment

- Continue working on refining your needs statements. (By now you should have a good understanding of latent and unmet needs)
- Map out the customer experience cycle for your product or service – may be a useful decomposition for additional brainstorming/concept generation
- Begin downselecting/choosing the best of your concepts
- Evaluate those with respect to competing solutions on the market: Can we WIN with this concept?

# Thank you :)